

Feature

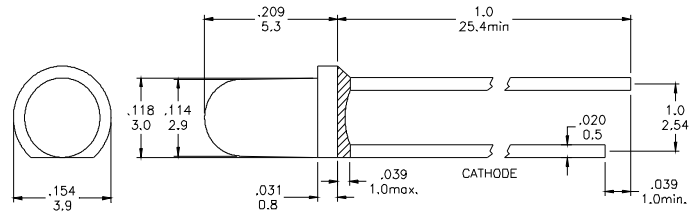
- § Low Power Consumption
- § I.C. compatible

Applications

- § Commercial Outdoor Sign Board
- § Front Panel Indicator
- § Dot-Matrix Module
- § LED Bulb

Description

- § These LEDs are Based on GaP/GaP Material Technology
- § Water Transparent Lens

Package Dimension


*Tolerance : $\pm \frac{0.01}{0.25}$ Unit : $\pm \frac{\text{inch}}{\text{mm}}$

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Unit
PD	Power Dissipation	120	mW
VR	Reverse Voltage	5	V
IAF	Average Forward Current	30	mA
IPF	Peak Forward Current (Duty=0.1 , 1kHz)	100	mA
—	Derating Linear Form 25°C	0.4	mA / °C
Topr	Operating Temperature Range	- 40 to + 80	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	- 40 to + 100	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063inch) From Body] 260°C For 5 Seconds.			

Electrical / Optical Characteristics and Curves at Ta = 25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
VF	Forward Voltage	IF = 20 mA		2.2	2.4	V
IR	Reverse Current	VR = 5 V			50	μA
$\Delta \theta$	Half Intensity Angle	IF = 20 mA		30		Deg.
IV	Luminous Intensity	IF = 20 mA		170		mcd.
λd	Peak Wavelength	IF = 20 mA		570		nm

n

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C

Symbol	I _v		V _F		λ D	
Parameter	Luminous Intensity		Forward Voltage		Dominant Wavelength	
Condition	IF=20mA		IF=20mA		IF=20mA	
Unit	mcd		V		nm	
Binning	Grade	Range	Grade	Range	Grade	Range
			D	2.0~2.1	G7	567~569
			E	2.1~2.2	G8	569~571
			F	2.2~2.3	G9	571~573
			G	2.3~2.4		
			H	2.4~2.5		

Intensity: Tolerance of minimum and maximum = ± 15%

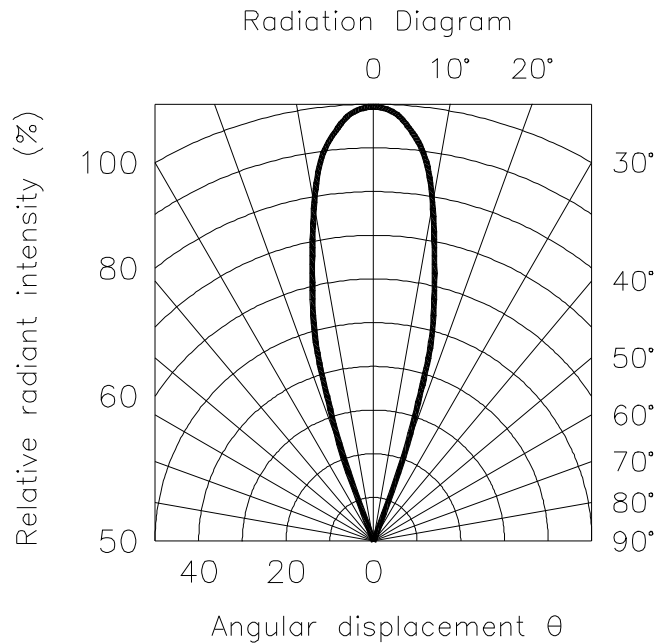
V_f: Tolerance of minimum and maximum = ± 0.05v

NOTE:

1. Static electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommend to use a anti-static wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handing the LEDs. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

Radiation Diagram

IF=20 mA 50% Power Angle Angle =30°





**Typical Electro-optical Characteristic Curves
(25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified)**

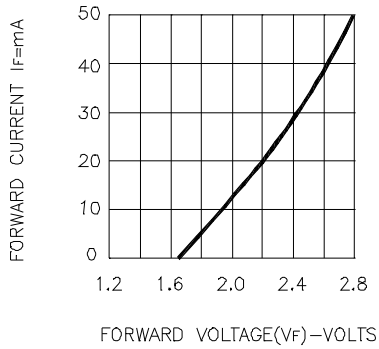


Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

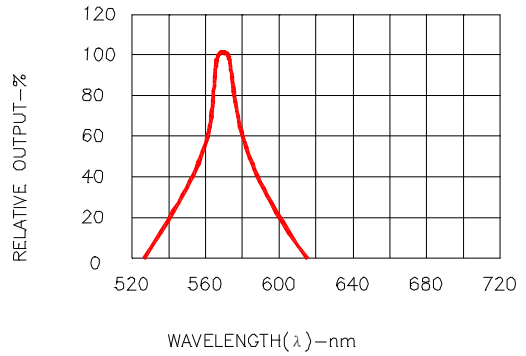


Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

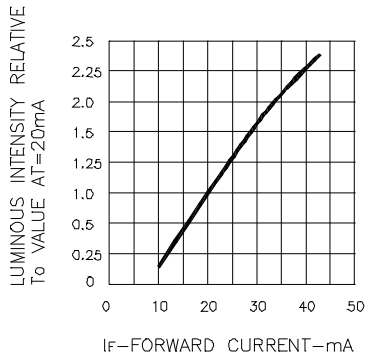


Fig.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

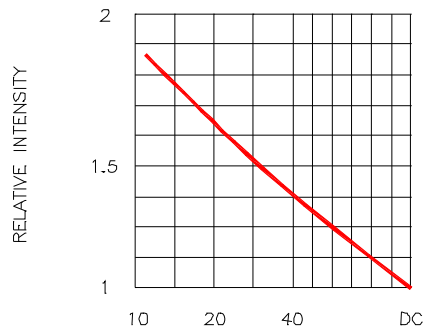


Fig.4 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. DUTY CYCLE

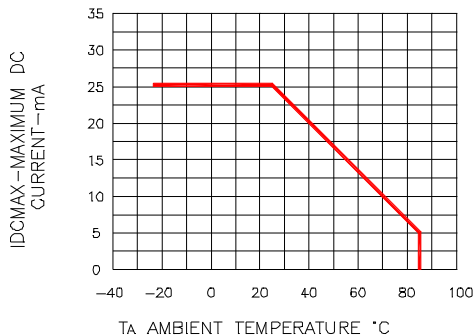


Fig.5 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEGMENT VS. A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

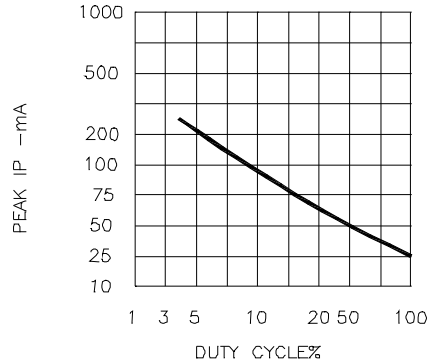


Fig.6 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE f=1KHz)